Issue: Compliance – Grievance Procedure (5-Day Rule); Ruling Date: January 8, 2016; Ruling No. 2016-4290; Agency: Department of Corrections; Outcome: Grievant Not in Compliance.

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COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA Department of Human Resource Management Office of Employment Dispute Resolution

## **COMPLIANCE RULING**

In the matter of the Department of Corrections Ruling Number 2016-4290 January 8, 2016

The Department of Corrections (the agency) has requested a compliance ruling related to the grievant's October 1, 2015 grievance. The agency alleges that the grievant has failed to comply with the time limits set forth in the grievance procedure for advancing or concluding her grievance.

## **FACTS**

On or about October 1, 2015, the grievant initiated a grievance with the agency. On November 18, 2015, the agency issued the grievant its third step response to the grievance via certified mail. On December 11, 2015, the agency mailed a letter of noncompliance to the grievant, indicating that the agency had not received a response from her. Additionally, the agency requested a response from the grievant within five workdays upon receipt of the noncompliance letter.

## DISCUSSION

The grievance procedure requires both parties to address procedural noncompliance through a specific process.<sup>1</sup> That process assures that the parties first communicate with each other about the noncompliance, and resolve any compliance problems voluntarily, without EDR's involvement. Specifically, the party claiming noncompliance must notify the other party in writing and allow five workdays for the opposing party to correct any noncompliance.<sup>2</sup> If the opposing party fails to correct the noncompliance ruling from EDR, who may in turn order the party to correct the noncompliance or, in cases of substantial noncompliance, render a decision against the noncomplying party on any qualifiable issue. When an EDR ruling finds that either party to correct its noncompliance within a specified time period, and (ii) provide that if the noncompliance is not

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Grievance Procedure Manual § 6.3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See id.

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timely corrected, a decision in favor of the other party will be rendered on any qualifiable issue, unless the noncomplying party can show just cause for the delay in conforming to EDR's order.<sup>3</sup>

In this case, the grievant appears to have failed to advance or conclude her grievance within five workdays of receiving the agency's third resolution step response, as required by the grievance procedure.<sup>4</sup> Moreover, the agency notified the grievant of her noncompliance, but the grievant has not advanced or concluded her grievance.

As the grievant has apparently failed to advance or conclude her grievance in a timely manner, she has failed to comply with the grievance procedure. The Office of Employment Dispute Resolution (EDR) at the Department of Human Resource Management therefore orders the grievant to correct her noncompliance within ten work days of the date of this ruling by notifying her human resources office in writing that she wishes either to conclude the October 1, 2015 grievance or request qualification for hearing. If she does not, the agency may administratively close the grievance without any further action on its part. The grievance may be reopened only upon a timely showing by the grievant of just cause for the delay (for example, a serious illness, or other circumstances beyond the grievant's control).

EDR's rulings on matters of compliance are final and nonappealable.<sup>5</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> While in cases of substantial noncompliance with procedural rules the grievance statutes grant EDR the authority to render a decision on a qualifiable issue against a noncompliant party, EDR favors having grievances decided on the merits rather than procedural violations. Thus, EDR will *typically* order noncompliance corrected before rendering a decision against a noncompliant party. However, where a party's noncompliance appears driven by bad faith or a gross disregard of the grievance procedure, EDR will exercise its authority to rule against the party without first ordering the noncompliance to be corrected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Grievance Procedure Manual § 3.3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Va. Code §§ 2.2-1202.1(5); 2.2-3003(G).