Issue: Compliance – Grievance Procedure (5-Day Rule); Ruling Date: May 16, 2017; Ruling No. 2017-4547; Agency: Virginia Department of Transportation; Outcome: Grievant Not in Compliance.



COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

Department of Human Resource ManagementOffice of Employment Dispute Resolution¹

COMPLIANCE RULING

In the matter of the Virginia Department of Transportation Ruling Number 2017-4547 May 16, 2017

The Virginia Department of Transportation (the "agency") has requested a compliance ruling from the Office of Employment Dispute Resolution ("EDR") at the Department of Human Resource Management in relation to the grievant's February 16, 2017 grievance. The agency alleges that the grievant has failed to comply with the time limits set forth in the grievance procedure for advancing or concluding her grievance.

FACTS

On or about February 16, 2017, the grievant initiated a grievance with the agency. The third step response was issued to the grievant on or about March 29.² Having received no further response from the grievant indicating whether she wished to advance or conclude the grievance, on April 11, 2017, the agency mailed, by certified mail, a notice of noncompliance to the grievant. In its notice of noncompliance, the agency requested a response from the grievant within five workdays of her receipt of the notice. The certified mail receipt indicates that the notice of noncompliance was delivered to the grievant's address on April 13. As more than five workdays have elapsed since the grievant received notice of her alleged noncompliance and she has not yet advanced or concluded her grievance, the agency seeks a compliance ruling allowing it to administratively close the grievance.

DISCUSSION

The grievance procedure requires both parties to address procedural noncompliance through a specific process.³ That process assures that the parties first communicate with each other about the noncompliance, and resolve any compliance problems voluntarily, without EDR's involvement. Specifically, the party claiming noncompliance must notify the other party

¹ Effective January 1, 2017, the Office of Employment Dispute Resolution merged with another office area within the Department of Human Resource Management, the Office of Equal Employment Services. Because full updates have not yet been made to the *Grievance Procedure Manual*, this office will be referred to as "EDR" in this ruling to alleviate any confusion. EDR's role with regard to the grievance procedure remains the same post-merger.

² The Grievance Form A indicates that the third step response was issued to the grievant on March 17, 2017. However, the response itself is dated March 29, 2017. For purposes of this ruling, EDR will assume the third step response was issued on March 29, the later of the two dates.

³ Grievance Procedure Manual § 6.3.

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in writing and allow five workdays for the opposing party to correct any noncompliance.⁴ If the opposing party fails to correct the noncompliance within this five-day period, the party claiming noncompliance may seek a compliance ruling from EDR, who may in turn order the party to correct the noncompliance or, in cases of substantial noncompliance, render a decision against the noncomplying party on any qualifiable issue. When an EDR ruling finds that either party to a grievance is in noncompliance, the ruling will (i) order the noncomplying party to correct its noncompliance within a specified time period, and (ii) provide that if the noncompliance is not timely corrected, a decision in favor of the other party will be rendered on any qualifiable issue, unless the noncomplying party can show just cause for the delay in conforming to EDR's order.⁵

In this case, the grievant appears to have failed to advance or conclude her grievance within five workdays of receiving the agency's third resolution step response, as required by the grievance procedure. Moreover, the agency notified the grievant of her noncompliance and she has not advanced or concluded her grievance.

As the grievant has apparently failed to advance or conclude her grievance in a timely manner, she has failed to comply with the grievance procedure. EDR therefore orders the grievant to correct her noncompliance within ten workdays of the date of this ruling by notifying her human resources office in writing that she wishes either to conclude the grievance or request qualification of her grievance for a hearing from the agency head. If she does not, the agency may administratively close the grievance without any further action on its part. The grievance may be reopened only upon a timely showing by the grievant of just cause for the delay (for example, a serious illness, or other circumstances beyond the grievant's control).

EDR's rulings on matters of compliance are final and nonappealable.⁷

Christopher M. Grab

Director

Office of Employment Dispute Resolution

⁴ See id.

⁵ While in cases of substantial noncompliance with procedural rules the grievance statutes grant EDR the authority to render a decision on a qualifiable issue against a noncompliant party, EDR favors having grievances decided on the merits rather than procedural violations. Thus, EDR will *typically* order noncompliance corrected before rendering a decision against a noncompliant party. However, where a party's noncompliance appears driven by bad faith or a gross disregard of the grievance procedure, EDR will exercise its authority to rule against the party without first ordering the noncompliance to be corrected.

⁶ See Grievance Procedure Manual § 3.3.

⁷ See Va. Code §§ 2.2-1202.1(5), 2.2-3003(G).